



# MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, WEST BENGAL

Paper Code : BSM202 Mathematics - IIB

UPID : 002006

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The Figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidate are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

## Group-A (Very Short Answer Type Question)

1. Answer any ten of the following :

[ 1 x 10 = 10 ]

(I) Find the value of  $\lim_{z \rightarrow i} \frac{iz+1}{z-i}$

(II) Find the residue of  $f(z) = e^{-\frac{1}{z}}$  at  $z = 0$ .

(III) Find the value of the integral  $\oint_C (x dy - y dx)$  where C is the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ .

(IV) Find the IF of the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} - 3y = \sin 2x$ .

(V) Write the general solution of the ordinary differential equation  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4y = 0$ .

(VI) Is the function  $f(z) = |z|^2$  continuous everywhere?

(VII) Find  $\frac{1}{D^2+4}(x)$

(VIII) If  $f(z) = u + iv$  is an analytic function in a finite region and  $u = x^3 - 3xy^2$ , then find  $v$ .

(IX) Find the residue of  $\frac{z^2}{z^2+a^2}$  at  $z = ia$ .

(X) Find the value of  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^{\sin \theta} r^2 \sin \theta dr d\theta$

(XI) Find the value of  $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} dS$ , where  $F = 4xz\hat{i} - y^2\hat{j} + yz\hat{k}$ , where S is the surface of cube given by  $x = 0, x = 1; y = 0, y = 1; z = 0, z = 1$ .

(XII) Find the singular solution of  $y = px - \frac{1}{4}p^2$ .

## Group-B (Short Answer Type Question)

Answer any three of the following :

[ 5 x 3 = 15 ]

2.

Prove that  $\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{\bar{z}}{z}$  does not exist.

[5]

3. Evaluate  $\oint_{|z|=1} \frac{e^{3z}}{(4z-\pi i)^3} dz$ . [5]

4. Solve: [5]

$$(xy \sin xy + \cos xy)ydx + (xy \sin xy - \cos xy)x dy = 0$$

5. Show that  $J_{-\frac{1}{2}}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \cos x$  [5]

6. Solve:  $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = x \sin(\log x)$  [5]

**Group-C (Long Answer Type Question)**

Answer any three of the following :

[ 15 x 3 = 45 ]

7. (a) Show that  $(3x + 4y + 5)dx + (4x - 3y + 3)dy = 0$  is an exact equation and hence solve it. [5]

(b) Solve:  $\frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{dx}{dy} = \frac{x}{y} - \frac{y}{x}$ . [5]

(c) Solve:  $(x^2y - 2xy^2)dx - (x^3 - 3x^2y)dy = 0$  [5]

8. (a) Prove that  $J'_0 = -J_1$ . [4]

(b) Express  $J_4(x)$  in terms of  $J_0$  and  $J_1$  [5]

(c) Apply the method of variation of parameters to solve  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + a^2y = \sec ax, (a \neq 0)$  [6]

9. (a) Use the transformation  $u = x + y$  and  $uv = y$ , evaluate the double integration  $\int_0^1 dx \int_0^{1-x} e^{\frac{y}{x+y}} dy$ . [5]

(b) Evaluate  $\iiint (x + y + z + 1)^4 dx dy dz$ , over the region bounded  $x \geq 0, y \geq 0, z \geq 0, x + y + z \leq 1$ . [5]

(c) Evaluate  $\iiint z^2 dx dy dz$ , extended over the hemisphere  $z \geq 0, x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq a^2$ . [5]

10. (a) Determine the analytic function  $f(z) = u + iv$  whose imaginary part is  $v(x, y) = e^x \sin y$ . [5]

(b) Prove that  $u(x, y) = \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 + y^2)$  is harmonic and find its conjugate harmonic function  $v(x, y)$  such that  $f(z) = u + iv$  is analytic. [5]

(c) Show that the transformation  $f(z) = \frac{z+i}{z-i}$  maps the interior of the circle  $|w| = 1$  i. e.  $|w| \leq 1$  into the lower half plane  $I(z) \leq 0$ . [5]

11. (a) Prove that  $(x + y + 1)^{-4}$  is an integrating factor of the differential equation

$$(2xy - y^2 - y)dx + (2xy - x^2 - x)dy = 0$$

and hence solve it.

- (b) Solve:  $3ydx - 2xdy + x^2y^{-1}(10ydx - 6xdy) = 0$

- (c) Solve:  $\frac{dy}{dx} + y = y^3(\cos x - \sin x)$ .

\*\*\* END OF PAPER \*\*\*